EXHIBIT 11

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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OCIVNITA IIDEDEE

ROSLYN LA LIBERTE, : 18-CV-5398 (DLI) (VMS)

Plaintiff, :

: January 11, 2021

:

V. : Brooklyn, New York

:

JOY REID,

:

Defendant.

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TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR TELEPHONE CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE VERA M. SCANLON
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff: DAVID OLASOV, ESQ.

LUCIEN L. WOOD, ESQ.

For the Defendant: JOHN REICHMAN, ESQ.

DAVID YEGER, ESQ.

THEODORE BOUTROUS, ESQ.

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Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service

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               THE COURT: La Liberte v. Reid, 18-CV-5398.
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               Let's start with plaintiff's counsel's
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    appearance.
               MR. OLASOV: David Olasov for Roslyn La
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    Liberte and Lin Wood for Roslyn La Liberte.
               MR. WOOD: Yes, good morning, your Honor,
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    this is Lin Wood.
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               THE COURT: Hello.
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               All right, for the defendant?
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               MR. REICHMAN: Good morning, your Honor.
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    This is John Reichman from John Reichman Law, and I am
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    joined by my colleague, David Yeger. We also have our
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    co-counsel from Gibson Dunn, who will introduce
    themselves.
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               MR. BOUTROUS: Yes, your Honor. This is
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    Theodore Boutrous from Gibson Dunn & Crutcher for Ms.
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    Reid, and I'm joined by my colleagues, Marissa Moshell
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    and Marcellus McRea.
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               THE COURT: All right. So we're here for
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    the discovery issues since you're back from the
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    circuit. So we have at 57 your proposed order and then
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    at 58, the letter complaining about the initial
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    disclosures. I've read the letter. I think it's
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    premature. We don't have a scheduling order and so you
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    can complain that there wasn't a need to have these
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initial disclosures done. I know you submitted your initial -- proposed initial scheduling order having some earlier dates on there but they're not the effective dates from a court order, so I'm just going to reset it. Plaintiff, you should look at the criticism that the defendant is offering as to the alleged incompleteness of your initial disclosures and you should both have a conversation. Then if you still can't work it out, you can let me know. Obviously, there's a fairly extensive record already in this case on that legal issue. Is there anything anybody wants to say with regard to the merits that you think I should know. Mostly, does it affect discovery, and then we'll talk about the particulars of the discovery schedule. So for plaintiff? MR. OLASOV: This is David Olasov. Reichman and I have had a conversation in which I pointed out to him that the answer to the amended complaint that was filed after the Second Circuit's decision in our view pleaded matters that we believe are foreclosed by the decision. I've agreed to -- for plaintiff to provide them with a letter that indicates which defenses that they've raised we believe are foreclosed by this decision. Of course, that has some

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1 bearing on the scope of discovery since there's no 2 point in having discovery on matters that are 3 foreclosed by the decision. THE COURT: All right. Defendants, your 4 view? MR. REICHMAN: Well, we await the letter but 6 7 I don't think it's really going to have an impact 8 whatsoever on discovery. In our view, I think the only 9 defense that is arguably precluded is the legal defense with respect to whether the posts were opinion or not, but that wouldn't be the subject of discovery in any event. 13 THE COURT: All right. And before we dive into the discovery, is there any possibility of having settlement discussions? You've been at this for a 16 while now. Has there been anything? I mean, you could 17 have discussions with each other, you could have a mediator try to bridge whatever gap there is because you obviously having been doing this, what, since 2018? 20 MR. WOOD: Your Honor, this is Lin Wood. 21 think it's standard handling, from my experience at 22 least, that from the plaintiff's perspective, the 23 plaintiff is always willing to listen to any reasonable 24 offer that a defendant makes. But if the defendant has 25 no interest, then obviously, our hands our tied.

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would kind of throw the ball over to the defense to say
if there's an interest and, if so, if there are any
suggestions on how a discussion could take place.
                                                   Ιf
there's no interest, then we obviously can just
continue to move forward.
           MR. REICHMAN: This is John Reichman, your
        I think for reasons that we set out already to
the Court with respect to the initial disclosures, we
don't know of any real damages that the plaintiff has
sustained. And before even considering any kind of
settlement, we need to know at least what the
plaintiff's damages are and the basis for them, and we
could then take it from there.
           THE COURT: All right, so I'll take that as
a maybe and say that we're going to set the dates --
           MR. WOOD:
                     I like -- Judge, I appreciate
someone who is always on the optimistic side.
           THE COURT:
                       I try. All right, what --
           MR. REICHMAN: Your Honor -- I'm sorry.
There is another matter that we'd like to bring to the
Court's attention, and it involves Mr. Wood,
plaintiff's lead counsel. Over the weekend, we have
come across some very disturbing information about the
conduct of Mr. Wood. I'm sure you're aware that since
the election, Mr. Wood has been actively engaged in
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attempting to overturn the election results. All of
those cases have been dismissed. There have also been
sanctions and disqualification motions filed.
          MR. WOOD:
                     I have not been sanctioned.
          MR. REICHMAN: Now Mr. Wood --
           THE COURT: One at a time.
          MR. REICHMAN: -- has taken an even far
darker turn. He is actively and has actively supported
the insurrection against our government and called for
the execution of the Vice President.
          MR. WOOD:
                     Oh, nonsense.
          MR. REICHMAN:
                         He's been permanently barred
from Twitter and his recent attempt to submit a post on
Parler calling for the Vice President's execution was
not permitted. In fact, the posting of his tweet on
Parler was one of the reasons cited by Apple and Google
to ban Parler from their platforms. The right to
appear pro hac vice in this District is a privilege and
not a right, and we believe there are at least three
reasons why that privilege should be revoked by the
Court.
           First, in New York, every attorney pledges
to solemnly swear that he or she will support the
Constitution of the United States. Mr. Wood is seeking
to undermine, not support the U.S. Constitution.
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call for violence in the streets and his tweets and public utterances have been an impetus of the insurrections to seize the Capitol. It's noteworthy that the last tweet of the woman shot at the Capitol, Ashley Babbitt, was a re-posting of one of Mr. Wood's posts. Second, in violation of the disciplinary rules, Mr. Wood has gone around the country filing utterly frivolous lawsuits based on outright lies and nonexistent legal theories. In Delaware, a court has issued a show-cause order, citing his conduct in Wisconsin and Georgia actions, asking him to show cause why he should not be disqualified from practicing law in Delaware. In Michigan, after the dismissal of the lawsuit he filed there, a motion has been filed seeking sanctions and disqualification and disbarment. Third, Mr. Wood is actively threatening the well-being of the judiciary, especially Justice Roberts. He has painted Justice Roberts as a murderous pedofile. He suggested that the Chief Justice was mixed up in the death of Justice Scalia, was trafficking in children, and apparently hinting that he may have had Epstein killed if he was killed at all. He recently tweeted, "My information from reliable sources is that Roberts arranged an illegal adoption of

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    two children from Wales through Jeffrey Epstein."
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               Now, as we all now clearly and sadly know,
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    words can and will lead to violence. So under the
    Disciplinary Rules at Section 8.3, we believe we have
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    an ethical duty to report this matter to the Court and
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    we would --
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               MR. OLASOV:
                           Who is speaking now?
               MR. REICHMAN:
                              Please.
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               MR. OLASOV: Who is speaking?
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               MR. REICHMAN: John Reichman.
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               THE COURT:
                           Please stop, stop interrupting.
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               MR. REICHMAN:
                              And we welcome --
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               THE COURT: All right, continue.
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               MR. REICHMAN: So we welcome the Court's
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    quidance with respect to whether and how to further
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    this issue. You know, we are prepared to provide more
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    information about Mr. Wood's activity. I would add
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    that all of these are matters of public record.
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    seems to us there are at least two options with respect
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    to how to proceed. We could submit a letter brief
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    under your Honor's rules directly seeking the
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    revocation of the pro hac vice order. The other way
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    would be to present the information and ask the Court
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    whether it could issue a show-cause order such as was
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    done in Delaware. That's a procedure that some judges
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1 have used in considering the revocation of the right to 2 practice. THE COURT: All right, let's first hear from 3 Then we'll talk about the procedure. 4 Mr. Wood. 5 Go ahead, Mr. Wood. 6 MR. WOOD: Thank you, your Honor. 7 of hard to respond to such serious accusations when I 8 am not at all sure about the accuracy of some of the 9 things that have been said to the Court. In fact, I 10 know some of them are inaccurate. And I have not been 11 sanctioned by any court in 43 and a half years, not any 12 court over the course of my career, nor any court now. 13 It's almost like I'm being -- trying to make 14 me into a scapegoat. I've had nothing to do, number 15 one, with what happened in Washington D.C. I didn't 16 call for the people to go up there and meet, I didn't 17 call for anybody to go to the Capitol. I certainly 18 didn't call for anybody to create a scene of what 19 appeared to be some type of violence. So whether this 20 lady that died had re-tweeted me, I have no control 2.1 over that. 22 What I can say to the Court and, if 23 necessary, at the appropriate time, present to the 24 Court is that what I have said publicly, I have 25 reliable information to support the truth of it. What

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I have done with Sidney Powell is, she asked me to sign on to two or three lawsuits where she was the lead counsel, in anticipation that there may be a need for a trial lawyer. I didn't draft the lawsuits. There were some typographical errors and things done in some of them that upset a judge in Wisconsin, I believe, maybe Michigan. But if you had a full hearing on what happened there, I didn't have anything to do with that, other than I did agree to sign on to help Sidney.

I know for a matter of fact that all of the information that Sidney Powell has presented in the

information that Sidney Powell has presented in the litigation with respect to the fraud in the election, there is a mountain of admissible evidence in the form of affidavits, authenticated videos, expert evidence from reliable and credible experts. So the lawsuits were filed as they are allowed to be filed.

The only other lawsuits that I've been involved in, I filed for myself as it related to the Georgia election, where I contended that the election was conducted illegally and in violation of precedent of the Supreme Court that requires that the election rules be set by the state legislature. In Georgia, they conducted the election with absentee ballots and mail-in ballots based on a procedure that came up -- that came up from a settlement agreement by the

1 Secretary of State with the Democratic Party. 2 never adopted by the legislature, so that any 3 allegation that I filed a frivolous lawsuit is in fact frivolous. 4 5 The lawsuit that I have presently have is 6 pending before the United States Supreme Court in a 7 writ of certiorari. It has not yet been ruled on but yet it's been pending for some almost three weeks. 8 9 They may still accept it. So the Georgia litigation 10 I'm involved in is certainly within the rules and the 11 laws of this country. The litigation that Sidney 12 Powell has filed, where I've been asked to sign on to, 13 is also based on legitimate causes of action, and I 14 know for a fact based on a wealth of material and 15 admissible evidence to support the allegations. 16 No court in any of the rulings -- no court 17 for some reason has mentioned the evidence of the 18 election fraud. So there's been no finding by any 19 court that the evidence of election fraud is lacking. 20 In fact, if they discussed it, they would have to say 2.1 it was literally conclusive that there was fraud. 22 now I'm being attacked for taking legitimate actions as 23 a lawyer, legitimate actions as a plaintiff in Georgia. 24 They're trying to pin on me the sad tragedy of what 25 happened in Washington D.C., and now they're even

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saying that my tweet brought down Parler. I've never heard of where one man -- I know the pen is mightier than the sword but what I tweeted about the Vice President was rhetorical hyperbole. I did not call for any violence against any individual that would result in immanent harm or a serious threat of harm to that person. I've seen tweets and posts where people have asked protestors to be shot. I didn't do that. seen tweets where they hold the President's head up where it's been beheaded. I didn't do that. is a matter of what's in the eye of the beholder. I did was, I posted a photograph of where a Capitol police officer had opened the doors to let people in that appear to be, and the evidence seems to be suggesting, were members of either Antifa or Black Lives Matter. I posted the photograph of that and I said, they let them in. They're all traitors, get the firing squads ready, tense first. Now, I don't control firing squads. Ι couldn't run out and put together a firing squad and go shoot the Vice President. But the law is that if you are guilty of treason, one of the penalties available, as publicly ratified recently in the last month by the

Department of Justice is the death penalty by firing

squad, even by hanging.

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If you look over and say that the doctor who commits an abortion is a murderer, that's rhetorical hyperbole. So what I said, because I know the law of defamation, my statement was rhetorical hyperbole. It was not intended, nor did anybody seriously think that that was a call to run out and put the Vice President in front of a firing squad. But for some reason, my voice has reached a level, not because I wanted it to -- I've never sought recognition in my life as a lawyer. I just do my job. But for some reason, my voice has reached a level where many people listen to me. That's their choice. But I talk about facts and truth, I don't make things up.

But what I do differently than most I guess people that are voices to be heard is I relate almost all of what I say to people to my belief in God, so that my voice is one both of truth and a voice that talks about things from a faith basis. So I'm entitled to those opinions and I don't think I ought to be chastised and called upon to be put on trial in effect for doing what the law allows me to do and saying things that I believe are consistent with what I know to be the teachings of Jesus Christ.

So I've been accused of being crazy, nuts.

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I've never read such things about me. If you went back a few months ago, people would have told you I was the greatest, smartest defamation lawyer in the world. I've fought for truth and I've handled some big cases, starting with Richard Jewell in 1996, where I went up against the FBI and the media through representing a number of other people in high-profile cases. I've had cases of success against CNN, Washington Post, a number of media outlets. represent Nicholas Sandman (ph) and we've had very good success in Kentucky. Nobody has complained about my conduct in Kentucky. I just won a motion to dismiss against Gannett newspapers, and then I did some work when I formed a 501(c)(4) foundation this summer, #fightback. The foundation's purpose was, I thought and still believe that the country is undergoing a color revolution. So I said our constitutional rights are going to be at risk and I formed that foundation to, in the future, be an advocate for maintaining and protecting our constitutional rights. Right after I formed it, people asked me to help a young man named Kyle Rittenhouse. I did. went out and I took the time and made the effort to raise two million dollars to make the boy's cash bond in Kenosha. Actually -- yeah, in Kenosha. Then since

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that time, I'm not doing anything with respect to raising any more money for Kyle, but I was trying to help the young boy because I believe, based on the video evidence, that the young man was exercising his right of self defense and he was in effect a political prisoner and he ought to be let out. I was worried about them hurting him when he was in jail. So if you want to, your Honor, look at these recent accusations against me, I would question why are they being made, who's behind it? But I would also urge the Court to take the time to look at the body of my life's work for 43 years. I love this country. love the rule of law. I have never advocated that anyone should break the law. I've advocated for people to follow the law. I've been upset with what I've seen from the evidence about how this election was conducted. believe it was a fraud. Now, I'm not going to be the ultimate arbiter of that but I have the right to serve as a lawyer for people that do litigate it, and I have the right, in the case of Georgia, to be a plaintiff because I believe my constitutional right to vote has been diminished and it's in violation of equal protection.

So how Lin Wood, the lawyer, has become now

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Lin Wood, the guy that this man would sit there and represent to you is advocating the overthrow of our government, the death of our Vice President, and violence in the streets, you know, I can only say this: It's errant nonsense. I believe it's part of a political agenda to harm me because of my message. you can't shoot the message because it's solid, shoot the messenger. That's what they're trying to do, They're trying to attack the messenger because they can't attack the message. THE COURT: So --So I would ask for at least -- if MR. WOOD: the Court is interested in hearing all of this stuff, I believe I'm entitled to due process and an opportunity to respond to, with evidence and other information, any type of accusation that's made against me before your Honor does something that has never been done to me. I've practiced law in 27 states. Even in Michigan, the City of Detroit is trying to get me disbarred. I'm not a member of the Michigan Bar. They're taking action -- they're saying that I ought to be sanctioned in Delaware for what I did in Wisconsin. Well, Wisconsin hasn't taken any action against me. something is not right about this, your Honor, and I hope that you'll treat me fairly because I've spent my

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life working for the law, representing people that
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    needed help, putting them first and myself second.
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               MR. McRAE: Your Honor --
               MR. WOOD: So I would -- I would simply end
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    by saying I'm entitled to respond with due process to
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    any of these accusations being made against because
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    they're false. I reject the idea that I'm a scapegoat
    in all of this. I think it's an effort to hurt the
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    messenger because the message frightens them. I don't
    know. That's up to them to decide.
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               THE COURT:
                           So the question --
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               MR. McREA: Your Honor, Mr. Boutrous got
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    dropped from the call. I'm sorry to interrupt.
    is Mr. McRea.
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               THE COURT:
                           Okay.
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               MR. McREA:
                           I wouldn't interrupt, except my
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    partner got dropped from the call and the host has to
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    let him back in. He got dropped a while ago but I
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    didn't want to interrupt.
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               THE CLERK:
                           I can do that. The only problem
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    is, the other conference will be let in as well, Judge.
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               THE COURT:
                           That's fine. If you do that,
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    then I'll ask them to --
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               THE CLERK:
                           Okay.
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               THE COURT:
                           -- not to speak.
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Thank you, your Honor.
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               MR. McREA:
                           It takes a few minutes.
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               THE CLERK:
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               MR. REICHMAN: Your Honor, if I may --
               THE COURT: Hold on, just wait until
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    everybody is back.
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               MR. BOUTROUS: I'm back. Thank you, your
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    Honor.
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               THE COURT: We only heard one person come
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         If anyone is on --
    in.
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               MR. BRAND: Your Honor, Ian Brand (ph) for
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    plaintiff in the Hargrave/State Farm litigation.
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               THE COURT:
                           If you're on for Hargrave, just
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    mute yourself. We're not on the Hargrave case yet.
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               MR. BRAND:
                           Okay.
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                           We have probably another five or
               THE COURT:
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    ten minutes on what we're talking about now.
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    to you. You can stay on or you can call back in a
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    couple of minutes, whatever you like.
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                           I'll mute.
               MR. BRAND:
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               THE COURT:
                           So on this point about whether
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    plaintiff's counsel should continue as counsel in this
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    case, I think the cleanest posture of this would be, if
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    the defendants want to make a motion to disqualify or
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    revoke the pro hac grant, then you can do that. Let's
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    then have a schedule for your papers and counsel's
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papers, and a brief reply if that's what you want.
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    think it's a serious set of allegations so if you're
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    pursuing it, I think -- yes, I agree, I normally do
    things by letter motion but this probably should have
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    some more formality.
                So on the defendant's side, if you're going
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    to do this motion, what do you think, two weeks?
                MR. REICHMAN: That would be fine.
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                THE COURT: All right. So you will serve
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    your papers by the 25th of January.
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                And then, plaintiff's counsel, if you want
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    to respond, can you do that by the 8th?
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               MR. WOOD: The date for the defense's papers
    would be when?
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                THE COURT: The 25<sup>th</sup>.
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                          The 25<sup>th</sup>? And then two weeks for
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                MR. WOOD:
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    us to respond on the 8^{th}? Is that what I understood?
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                THE COURT: Yes. And then a reply by -- is
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    the 15<sup>th</sup> a holiday weekend that weekend?
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               MR. REICHMAN: Yes, the 15th if Presidents'
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    Day.
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                THE COURT: So the 16th for your reply.
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                MR. REICHMAN: Okay. Thank you, your Honor,
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    that works for us.
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                THE COURT: All right. Now let's talk about
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the discovery schedule. In terms of the initial disclosures, they should both -- both of your sets of papers should be exchanged by the same date. for this motion practice, I would say two weeks is enough time given the length of time that this case has been pending, so you can tell me. What I want obviously is that before you raise anything with me, that you speak with each other about it. MR. REICHMAN: Yes, your Honor. This is John Reichman again. We did -- each side has already served the initial disclosures. THE COURT: Yes. MR. REICHMAN: I don't think the plaintiff has any problem with our disclosures and our problem is limited to the disclosure with respect to damages, as we've laid out. So I'm not sure if -- so I'm not sure where that puts us in terms of what you are suggesting. THE COURT: So let's say you try to work out your concerns about the damages and have a date -today is the 11^{th} . By the 29^{th} of January, a revised, complete set of the initial disclosures. And then if you still have your concerns about the damages issues or any other issues, you can raise it as you go. Then initial document requests and interrogatories -- defendants, you've said you've done

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it, and plaintiff, you're going to. You can start obviously responding as you like but the time line for when those responses are due -- we'll count off. I'm going to put you down as the same date. February 8^{th} , thirty days from there. Is there any possibility of joinder or amendment at this stage, given again how long this has been around for? We don't think so. MR. OLASOV: MR. REICHMAN: I don't think either side -we don't, either. THE COURT: Okay, all right, so we'll just leave that as it is. All right, the fact discovery date is fine. I'm going to change some of the dates for the expert disclosures. So the expert disclosure should be provided with the close of fact discovery, and I'll just tell you how I look at it. I don't know if this is going to match with what you have as a general matter. The way I would see it is, whoever is carrying the burden of proof or raising an issue uniquely -- so for example, if one of those defenses that was mentioned required the burden of proof and you were offering an expert with regard to that, that's the moving report, the initial report. So if you fall into that category, your initial report disclosures would be

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due May 31^{st} , and then we'll put the June 30^{th} date for the initial report, so that's 7(b) on this list. Then I will for now leave 8/6 as the rebuttal. I think it depends on what the topics are, whether a month is a reasonable turnaround time or not. I don't know yet and we don't need to figure it out on this call. We'll have a status conference before you get to that. the other dates you have are largely -- they're all fine. So with the text order that comes out of this conference, we'll have a status conference set sometime in April. And then a week or a little more than a week before that, I'll ask you for -- submit a letter letting me know what you've covered, what you still have to cover. And then particular at that point, I would like to know, are you going to have expert discovery or not? If you're not, then many of these dates will be moved up. You won't need the couple of months that are indicated on the schedule for that. A pretrial conference, that will be with the district judge. You have dates here that you put in for having a demand and a response, and I see that

you're not asking for ADR at this point. If you change

your mind and you want a referral to ADR, we could give

you that.

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A couple of other things. Let me just pull up the docket here. So you do have a jury demand. Again, this is something we can talk about more in the future. But as you can imagine, the trial calendar is quite backed up. Just so you know, there haven't been many trials here since March of last year and the general preference will be given to criminal trials over civil trials. The (ui) that was taken in the fall when we were having trials was to have a criminal trial calendar and a backup civil trial-ready calendar. So basically, if the criminal cases pled out, we would bring the civil cases in because the jurors have been summoned and we could move along that way.

I imagine in this case, there will be some motion practice. So this issue of when you're having a jury trial, if you're having a jury trial, may be a ways out. To the extent you're thinking about how long you're going to be litigating this, if you're envisioning a trial at the end or almost the end, it's going to be a while. So just take that into account when you're thinking about whether you want to have settlement discussions or not.

All right, anything else? Let me just say, if you have (ui) on the way, for example if you don't

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resolve your question of what damages information needs
to be turned over, you can raise it, preferably by a
joint letter. Other issues we should talk about?
                     Your Honor, this is Mr. Wood.
           MR. WOOD:
Because I'm not the best note taker in the world --
           THE COURT: There will be an order.
                      Could I ask the Court to also
           MR. WOOD:
have, and we'll certainly pay whatever cost, an
expedited transcript of this hearing prepared and filed
with the record of the Court?
           THE COURT:
                       So we'll do two things:
will be a text order coming out of this and on the text
order, it will have the time stamp for the recording.
If you look on our court's website, there's a number
for ESR, which is our transcription service, and you
order the transcript there. They give different rates
for the speed at which they do it, so I think you have
a couple of options with regard to the turnaround time.
           MR. WOOD:
                      I bet the sooner you ask for it,
the more it costs, as it should.
           THE COURT:
                      Yeah. It's quite a difference
and you can decide what you need.
           Okay, anything else?
           MR. REICHMAN: No, your Honor.
           THE COURT: All right, take care, Happy New
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    Year.
                MR. OLASOV: Thank you very much, your
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    Honor.
                MR. WOOD: Thank you very much, your Honor.
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I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. January 12, 2021 ELIZABETH BARRON